

I variant

Vocabulary

A Fill in the correct phrase.

• figurative speech • artificial brain • phone line • email account • broadband connection • emotional response

- 1/ I can access my ... from anywhere in the world
2/ Why don't you get a(n)? You'll be able to get on the Internet much faster than you do now.
3/ You can't expect a robot to show a(n)! They have no feelings!

4/ When we move to our new house, we will have a ... put straight away so we can connect to the Internet.

5/ Do you believe robots will ever be able to understand idioms or other parts of.....

6/ Scientists are working on creating a(n) which will make robots think on their own.

B Fill in the correct word. There are three words you do not need to use.

• caters • exists • discover • divided • invented • overcome • subscription • modem • perform • deletes • become • server • build

- 7/ Some experts believe that robots with human intelligence will someday a reality.
8/ Did you know that there are robots which cantasks such as serving tea and vacuuming the carpets?
9/ The reason why you can't connect to the Internet is that there's something wrong with your
10/ I don't think that a machine that can think on its own
11/ One of the problems robotics experts have to when creating a household robot is getting it to understand and respond to everyday language.

12/ How much do you pay each month for your ... to your Internet service provider?

13/ Bob used recycled materials to his robot for the science exhibition.

14/ Experts are as to whether robots will ever take the place of human teachers in the classroom.

15/ Andy hasa new gadget again; he really loves making things.

16/ Ben never goes anywhere without his laptop, as itfor all his business needs.

Grammar

C Underline the correct verb form.

17. Don't worry, John **will have been fixing/will have fixed** your computer by the end of the day.
18. **Are you showing/Will you show** me how to get free music downloads from the Internet?
19. Mark is really good with computers; I'm sure he **is passing/will pass** the IT test tomorrow.
20. This time next week, we **will have attended/'ll be attending** the technology exhibition in Boston.
21. The printer is making funny noises; it **is going to break /will break** down again.

22. The train to Bristol **will leave/leaves** at 5:00 pm from platform six.

23. Mr Smith **is giving/gives** a demonstration of his new invention tomorrow evening.

24. By this time next month, we **will have completed /will be completing** our computer training course.

25. I **am installing/will install** the anti-virus software on your computer as soon as I get home tonight, I promise.

26. I **am going/will go** to the art exhibition tomorrow afternoon. Do you want to join me?

D Choose the correct answer.

- 27/ Can we watch the parade when weto the Carnival?
A are going B go C will go
28/ Send me a copy of the photographsI can show them to my friends.

32 /The robots of the future will have..... amazing abilities that they will be able to do almost anything.

A such an B so C such

33 /Anne called Frankask him about her computer problem.

A so that B so as C to

- A in order B in case C so that
29/ The scanner isn't working. When someone to fix it?
A do you call **B** have you called **C** will you call
30/ I don't like my next-door neighbour; she'sa nosy woman!
A very **B** such **C** so
31 /Christine saved her work on a discshe would have an extra copy if something went wrong with her computer and she lost it.
A so that **B** so as **C** in order

Everyday English

E Choose the right response.

- 36** Can you give me a hand with the printer?
37 Would you agree that many teenagers spend too much time on their computers?
38 Let me take a look at that computer problem for you.
39 I've lost some files.
40 I suggest that you reboot the system.

- 34/** I will not download the fileI've installed anti-virus software.
A by the time **B** until **C** while
35 /Mary wants a laptop use her brother's computer anymore.
A in case not **B** so as not to **C** in order not

- A** Um ... in a way, yes.
B Sure, what's the problem?
C I've already tried that and it didn't work.
D Have you tried running a search?
E That's really kind of you.

Reading

F Read the text and match the headings (A-F) to the paragraphs (41-45). There is one extra heading you do not need to use.

- A** THE NEGATIVE SIDE
B A DIFFICULT DECISION
C DON'T QUESTION IT

- D** NUMBERS DON'T LIE
E NOT LOOKING YOUR AGE
F AN ANCIENT DESIRE

- 41**
For thousands of years human beings have dreamt of cheating death and the aging process. In their fantasy world, they live forever and remain young and beautiful in old age. Well, it may sound incredible, but there are some scientists who believe that mankind will soon have the technology to make this dream come true!
42.....
Sounds like science fiction? Maybe. But remember that technology gives us the ability to do things today that people living only a few decades ago would have considered magic. Therefore, there is no reason why we shouldn't believe that experts will make all this possible.
43
Some scientists believe that medical technology is moving so fast that by the end of this century, advanced anti-aging technologies will be available, and it will let people live for hundreds or maybe even thousands of years if they want to. Of course few people would want to live

- to 1000 if, they had to spend hundreds of years looking and feeling like a 90-year-old. But some researchers think medicine will be able to keep people looking and feeling as beautiful and fit at 500 years old as they were at the age of 25!
44
Naturally, the possibility of living 50 long raises many problems if people don't die, how will the Earth cope when it gets so overcrowded? Many people believe that scientists should not develop anti-aging technology, and that they should let nature take its course as it has been doing for millions of years.
45
Of course, most scientists believe that humans will never possess such technology. But if living to 1000 becomes possible, do you think it would be a dream ... or a nightmare? And, if you had the choice, would you choose to live forever?

II Variant

Vocabulary

A Fill in the correct phrase.

• figurative speech • artificial brain • phone line • email account • broadband connection • emotional response

- 1/ Scientists are working on creating a(n) which will make robots think on their own.
2/ Why don't you get a(n)? You'll be able to get on the Internet much faster than you do now.
3/ I can't send or receive anything over the Internet until I've set up my

- 4/ Do you believe robots will ever be able to understand idioms or other parts of.....
5/ George didn't have an Internet connection, so he checked his to see if it was working.
6/ You can't expect a robot to show a(n)! They have no feelings!

B Fill in the correct word. There are three words you do not need to use.

• caters • exists • discover • divided • invented • overcome • subscription • modem • perform • deletes • become • server • build

- 7/ Some experts believe that robots with human intelligence will someday a reality.
8/ I don't think that a machine that can think on its own
9/ Timothy can't connect to the Internet because his computer doesn't have a(n).....
10/ Did you know that there are robots which cantasks such as serving tea and vacuuming the carpets?
11/ One of the problems robotics experts have to when creating a household robot is getting it to understand and respond to everyday language.

- 12/ John cancelled his monthly to his Internet Service Provider because it was too expensive.
13/ Ben used recycled materials to his robot for the science exhibition.
14/ Andy hasa new gadget again; he really loves making things.
15/ Experts are as to whether robots will ever take the place of human teachers in the classroom.
16/ John never goes anywhere without his laptop, as itfor all his business needs.

Grammar

C Underline the correct verb form.

17. By the end of the year, Eric **will be working/ will have been working** on his new computer gadget for almost seven months.
18. **Are you showing/Will you show** me how to

22. The lecture **will have started/starts** at 6 pm so we have plenty of time to get there.
23. Mr Higgins **is giving/gives** a demonstration of the new robot tomorrow evening.

get free music downloads from the Internet?

19. You can't carry all these bags yourself. I **am taking/ 'll take** some of them off your hands.

20. This time next week we **will be enjoying/will have enjoyed** ourselves at the Notting Hill Carnival.

21. Be careful! You **will spill/are going to spill** coffee on your keyboard!

24. By this time next month, we **will have completed /will be completing** our computer training course.

25. I **am installing/will install** the anti-virus software on your computer as soon as I get home tonight, I promise.

26. **Do you buy/Are you buying** Peter a new games console for his birthday?

D Choose the correct answer.

27/ I will call you when Iin London.

A will arrive B arrive C am arriving

28/ Bob rebooted his computerthe screen would stop freezing.

A in order B in case C so that

29/The scanner isn't working. When someone to fix it?

A do you call B will you call C have you called

30/ Richard ishooked on the Internet that he even does all his shopping online.

A very B such C so

31/ I need a scannerI can transfer these photos to my PC

A so that B so as C in order

Everyday English

E Choose the right response.

36 Let me take a look at that computer problem for you.

37 Would you agree that many teenagers spend too much time on their computers?

38 Can you give me a hand with the printer?

39 I suggest that you reboot the system.

40 I've lost some files.

32/ The robots of the future will have..... amazing abilities that they will be able to do almost anything.

A such an B so C such

33/ Anne called Frankask him about her computer problem.

A so as B so that C to

34 /James stopped playing his video gamehe heard his mum at the door.

A while B by the time C as soon as

35 /Daniel bought a used computerspend all of his savings.

A in case not B so as not to C in order not

A Have you tried running a search?

B I've already tried that and it didn't work.

C That's really kind of you.

D Um ... in a way, yes.

E Sure, what's the problem?

Reading

F Read the text and match the headings (A-F) to the paragraphs (41-45). There is one extra heading you do not need to use.

A A DIFFICULT DECISION

B NOT LOOKING YOUR AGE

C AN ANCIENT DESIRE

D THE NEGATIVE SIDE

E NUMBERS DON'T LIE

F DON'T QUESTION IT

41

For thousands of years human beings have dreamt of cheating death and the aging process. In their fantasy world, they live forever and remain young and beautiful in old age. Well, it may sound incredible, but there are some scientists who believe that mankind will soon have the technology to make this dream come true!

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Sounds like science fiction? Maybe. But remember that technology gives us the ability to do things today

to 1000 if, they had to spend hundreds of years looking and feeling like a 90-year-old. But some researchers think medicine will be able to keep people looking and feeling as beautiful and fit at 500 years old as they were at the age of 25!

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Naturally, the possibility of living 50 long raises many problems if people don't die, how will the Earth cope when it gets so overcrowded? Many people believe that scientists should not develop anti-aging technology, and that they should let nature take its

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Some scientists believe that medical technology is moving so fast that by the end of this century, advanced anti-aging technologies will be available, and it will let people live for hundreds or maybe even thousands of years if they want to. Of course few people would want to live

course as it has been doing for millions of years.

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Of course, most scientists believe that humans will never possess such technology. But if living to 1000 becomes possible, do you think it would be a dream ... or a nightmare? And, if you had the choice, would you choose to live forever?

III Variant

I. Fill in: *email account, perform, anonymous, miniature, petrol, home-made.*

1. Banksy is an artist who wants to remain
2. I can check my ... from any computer.
3. Robots can ... simple tasks.
4. That cafe serves delicious ... soup and bread rolls at lunchtime.
5. We can fill the car with fuel at the ... station.
6. Willard Wigan makes ... sculptures.

II. Complete the sentences with the correct comparative/superlative form of the adjectives/adverbs in brackets.

1. He is ... (intelligent) of all.
2. You need to be a bit ... (patient) with them.
3. She's ... (tall) in her class.
4. Tracy is ... (hardworking) than Janet.

III. Complete the sentences with the correct passive form of the verbs in brackets.

1. The Eiffel Tower ... (build) in 1898.
2. All the concert tickets ... (already/sell out).
3. The new museum ... (open) by the mayor next week.
4. This dress ... (make) from cotton.

IV. Put the verbs in brackets into the correct tense (conditional):

1. Plants die if you ... (not water) them.

2. If I see Tim, I ... (invite) him to the party.
3. If we all used bicycles, there ... (not be) so much pollution.
4. If I had known it was your birthday, I ... (buy) you a present.

V. Read the text. For questions 1 -5 choose the correct answer A, B, C or D.

The best picture

When Sebastian was a boy at school, his favourite lesson was art, and he won several prizes for it. Once he left school, he got a position as a clerk in a bank, but three times a week he went to evening classes in art, and whenever he had time at the weekends, he painted.

He painted in a very modern manner – mysterious objects and shapes, women with three pink eyes, large blank areas, and so on.

After a few months he thought, “Perhaps I can sell some of my pictures and get enough money to afford to leave the bank and become a real artist. Then I can travel around as much as I like, and go to foreign museums, and see other artists’ paintings, and study in other countries when I feel like it. Though I try to make the best of the job and I don’t regard the work as difficult – at least not at present – I don’t like life in a bank. I only enjoy painting”.

In the bank, Sebastian sometimes had to deal with a man who owned a picture shop, and after he had had a few conversations with him, Sebastian invited him to his home one evening to see some of his works. “Then perhaps you could tell me whether I can really be a good artist and get some money from my painting,” Sebastian said hopefully.

The man said he was prepared to come and see what he thought of Sebastian’s work, so he arrived one evening at Sebastian’s home. Sebastian took the man to his studio and started to show him some of his pictures, with some pride and hope.

The man looked at them one after the other while Sebastian watched his face, but to Sebastian’s disappointment the man did not say anything, and his expression did not change at any of them either. Then, when he had finished, he looked around, and his glance fell on something else. A happy look came over his face for the first time, and he said, “Now I like this one very much! It’s so full of deep feeling! I’m sure I could sell this one for you.

“That,” said Sebastian, “is the place where I clean the paint off my brushes”.

1. After leaving school Sebastian
 - a) won several prizes.
 - b) went to bank three times a week.
 - c) tried to earn as much money as he could.
 - d) tried to spend as much time as he could painting.

2. Sebastian’s dream was to
 - a) live the life he wanted.
 - b) visit museums.
 - c) earn a lot of money.
 - d) work in the bank.

3. Sebastian decided to invite the owner of the picture shop because
 - a) he wanted to own a picture shop too.
 - b) he wanted to have a conversation with him.
 - c) he wanted to sell him some pictures.
 - d) he wanted to see some of his pictures.

4. Sebastian was disappointed because
 - a) the man was too proud to speak.
 - b) the man didn’t seem to like the pictures.
 - c) the man didn’t want to buy his pictures.
 - d) the man didn’t want to sell his pictures.

5. The thing the man liked most of all was
 - a) a picture which someone else had sold to Sebastian.
 - b) the place where he was happy.

- c) the place where Sebastian kept his brushes.
- d) the place where Sebastian cleaned his brushes.

IV Variant

I. Fill in: *server, become, spray, action, hall, thirsty.*

1. Did you bring any water? I'm so
2. Graffiti artists use ... paints.
3. If the ... is busy, you might have problems connecting to the Internet.
4. James Bond films are always ...-packed.
5. Robots will soon ... part of everyday life.
6. The mayor works at the town

II. Complete the sentences with the correct comparative/superlative for of the adjectives/adverbs in brackets.

1. She came ... (late) than we expected.
2. That was ... (bad) film I have ever seen.
3. She works ... (carefully) than others.

4. Tony is getting ... and ... (good) at painting.

III. Complete the sentences with the correct passive form of the verbs in brackets.

1. Dogs must ... (keep) on a lead.
2. This book ... (return) to the library yesterday.
3. The birthday present ... (send) tomorrow.
4. The house ... (paint) now.

IV. Put the verbs in brackets into the correct tense (conditional):

1. If animal ... (not drink) water, they die.
2. If ... (study) hard, you will get good grades.
3. If I ... (arrive) home earlier, I would have time to cook.
4. If he ... (come) to the party, he would have had a great time.

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In the bank, Sebastian sometimes had to deal with a man who owned a picture shop, and after he had had a few conversations with him, Sebastian invited him to his home one evening to see some of his works. “Then perhaps you could tell me whether I can really be a good artist and get some money from my painting,” Sebastian said hopefully.

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Итоговая контрольная работа 9 класс

I variant

A Vocabulary Fill in the missing word/phrase. There are three answers you do not need to use.

• march • raised • strong • life • display • bright • street • spare • contest • make • feel • transformed • return

- 1 Throwing Mum and Dad a surprise party for their anniversary this year is really aidea!
- 2 Why don't you take part in the cooking ? I'm sure you'll be the winner!
- 3 If you see a spider, sure you don't kill it; I've heard it's bad luck.
- 4 We always sing Christmas carols during the holidays, as it is a tradition in my family.
- 5 Over the years, this organisation hasa lot of money for different local charities.
- 6 The night sky burst with colour when the magnificent fireworksbegan.
- 7 Henry really enjoyed the opportunity to experience as a knight at England's Medieval Festival last month.
- 8 It's amazing how the town residents havethe local square into an open-air theatre for next week's music festival.
- 9 The children were thrilled to see Disney floats at this year's colourful parade.
- 10 Take a change of warm clothes with you on your camping trip; I've heard it gets quite cold in the mountains at night.

B Underline the correct item.

- 11 Many people in the US **dress up/decorate** their Christmas trees with popcorn.
- 12 Please **remind/remember** me to call Linda tonight. I forgot to tell her about the costume party on Saturday.
- 13 Are Rosie and Sue **winning/entering** the school's singing competition this year?
- 14 Bob and Sue always **exchange/receive** gifts with each other on Christmas Eve.
- 15 Everyone at the party **made/took** a toast to Lisa and wished her a Happy Birthday,
- 16 The Nice Carnival is a winter event which **invites/attracts** millions of festival-goers to France each year.
- 17 In many countries around the world, people **throw/pull** streamers and dance in the streets to celebrate New Year's Eve.
- 18 Annabel always makes a wish before she **blows out/lets off** the candles on her birthday cake.
- 19 The Tulip Festival takes place every May and is one of Holland's most popular **monthly/annual** events.
- 20 Don't expect the children to wait **patiently/ slowly** for the treasure hunt to begin; they're too excited!

Grammar C Choose the correct item

- 21 Has Mark found time to buy a costume for the Halloween party..... ?
A just B now C yet
- 26 That dress great on Maria; pink is really her colour.

- 22 The children in the garden all morning; that's why their clothes are dirty.
A have played **B** have been playing
C play
- 23 stunning costumes they're wearing!
A What **B** How **C** What a
- 24 Why this cheese? Is there something wrong with it?
A you are smelling **B** do you smell **C** are you smelling
- 25 My brother plays April Fool's jokes on people because he doesn't want to embarrass them.
A usually **B** sometimes **C** never
- 27 Georgia many fancy dress costumes. Why don't you borrow one from her for tonight's party?
A is having **B** has **C** has had
- 28 The Prague Spring International Music Festival in the middle of May and lasts for about two weeks.
A starts **B** is starting **C** has started
- 29 Janet about taking part in the Mardi Gras parade next week.
A think **B** is thinking **C** thinks
- 30 Kate has not walked under a laddershe heard it was bad luck.
A for **B** since **C** ago

D Fill in: when, who, which, where, whose.

- 31 Lyn is the girl.....is having the party on Friday.
- 32 John,brother is a clown, is throwing a costume party next week.
- 33 December 25th, Christmas takes place, is also my parents' anniversary.
- 34 The costumeGeorge has chosen for the fancy dress party is very funny
- 35 Perugia,..... the Eurochocolate Festival is held every year, is a city in central Italy.

Everyday English

F Choose the correct response

- 36 What's the matter? **A** What a coincidence!
- 37 I saw a rainbow on a sunny day and then got A on maths! **B** That's an old wives' tale!
- 38 We're going to the seaside next week. **C** That's a load of rubbish!
- 39 Oh, no! I've just killed a spider! Something bad will happen! **D** I'm really worried about my exams.
- 40 Don't take that black cat home! **E** You lucky thing!

Reading

G Read the following text and mark the statements as *T* (true), *F* (false) or *DS* (doesn't say).

Hanami: A Flowering Celebration!

The beginning of spring (March-April) is a very special time in Japan, because this is when Japan's famous cherry trees come into flower. The Japanese celebrate this happy time with festivals and flower-viewing parties.

At the end of winter, everyone's excitement starts to grow. The whole country wants to know the exact day when the cherry flowers ('*sakura*') will appear. Starting in February, weathermen try to guess when this day will be.

When the first flowers open on the trees, national joy breaks out! There are rides and games for children in the street, music and dance performances, tea ceremonies, flower displays, and much more. But the most special thing that people do at this time is have 'hanami' parties. *Hanami* means flower watching. In *hanami* parties, families and friends take a picnic and go and sit under a cherry tree to look at and admire the flowers. *Hanami* parties take place during the daytime and also at night, because when it is dark, lights light up the cherry trees.

Hanami is very important to the Japanese. Cherry blossoms appear on trees for only one week before they fall to the ground and die, and for the Japanese this symbolises the short nature of childhood and life. So *hanami* is a time when Japanese people like to think about how important life is.

- 41 Spring is the Japanese people's favourite time of the year.
- 42 It is not easy to know the day the cherry flowers will open.
- 43 Hanami takes place a week after the cherry trees blossom.
- 44 The cherry flowers do not stay on trees for very long.
- 45 When the cherry flowers appear, people hope for long lives.

Итоговая контрольная работа 9 класс

II variant

Vocabulary

A Complete the sentences using the appropriate verb from the list below.

• do • makes • hang out • keep • dusting • take • mopped

1/ You can't the washing now. It's raining and all the clothes will get wet.

2/ Take off your shoes before going into the kitchen; Mum has just the floor.

3/ Timmy likes helping around the house, but he hates having to the rubbish out every night.

4/ Messy people find it difficult to their rooms tidy

5/ Pamela always her bed as she gets up in the morning.

6/ I don't know how Samantha manages tothe ironing so fast; it takes me an hour just to iron two shirts!

7/ The only thing left to do is the furniture, and then the house will be ready for tonight's party.

B Choose the correct item.

8/ Dan's muscles **relaxed/went soft** after his accident, as he was unable to exercise for months.

9/ Of all the **housework/household** chores, doing the dishes is the one Jenny hates most.

10/ Objects in space float because of the **lack/zero** of gravity.

11/ Peter and Frank play football at their local **football hall/pitch** every day.

12/ Deforestation and the effects of tourism on natural habitats are two of the reasons why many plant and animal species are in danger of becoming **extinct/ destroyed**.

13/ Jenny would like a house with a **crowded/spacious** study where she can put her big desk and her two big bookcases.

14/ David was tired of the noise and pollution of the big city, so he decided to move to a small, **isolated/industrial** town in the countryside.

15/ Ian isn't a very **sociable/silly** person, as he's not very comfortable with meeting new people.

16/ Astronauts who work on the International Space Station use a(n) **airless/vacuum** hose to wash with.

17/ The astronauts who work on the International Space Station **make/do** a lot of experiments

18/ Mrs Finch is very **arrogant/nosy**; she always peeps at us from behind the curtains to see what we're doing in the garden.

Grammar

C Complete the sentences using the correct form of the verbs in brackets

19/ George has offered (take) the dog for a walk while I'm busy with the chores.

20/ Do you mind (get) off the phone? I need to make a call.

21/ John has been working all morning, but he's stopped(have) some lunch.

22/ Sarah made her sister ... (promise) never to take her things again.

23/ Mark's parents never let him (stay) out late on weeknights.

24/ You must (tidy) up your own room. I'm not your slave, you know!

25/ Why don't we leave a bit later tomorrow? I can't stand (wake) up early!

26/ They are tired of (live) in the dirty, noisy city, so they've decided to move to the countryside.

27/ Danny wants (become) an astronaut when he grows up.

28/ Sam avoids (shop) at the corner shop because it's a bit expensive.

29 / I don't remember (turn) off the lights upstairs. Can you please check?

D Use *too* or *enough* and the words in brackets to complete the sentences.

e.g. Bryan is *too selfish* (**selfish**) to care about anyone else's problems but his own.

30/ Tom is (**forgetful**) to remember that he has an appointment with the dentist; you'd better remind him.

31/ Our living room isn't ... (**big**) for this sofa; we need to get a smaller one.

32/ James doesn't like the cottage his parents want to rent for the summer because he doesn't find it (**modern**).

33/ The park is (close) to walk to from here.

34/ Christine is(**busy**) to babysit for Timmy tonight; she has a lot of homework for tomorrow.

35/ One thing that I don't like about this area is that it's (**noisy**).

36/ Did you get (**sleep**) last night? You seem tired

Everyday English

E Complete the exchanges using the phrases low. There is one extra phrase.

- I hope not.
- What have I done now?
- Sorry !! didn't realise it annoyed you.
- That's not very nice.
- Don't worry about it.
- You drive me crazy.

37 A: Peter never tidies his room. He always expects me to do it.

B:

38 A: I'm so sorry I broke your CD player.

B:

39 A: I promise that I will never leave the kitchen in such a mess again.

B:

40 A: Mark! Stop playing the music so loudly!

B:

41 A: Joe, come here right now!

B:

Reading

(Marks: $\frac{\quad}{5 \times 2}$)
10

F Read the text and match the headings (A-F) to the paragraphs (42-46). There is one heading you do not need to use.

A A CREATIVE USE OF SPACE

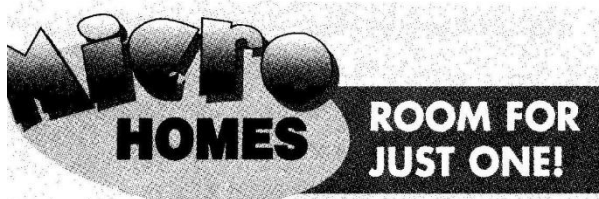
B NOT FOR MESSY PEOPLE

C TOO MANY CHORES

D THE ANSWER TO A PROBLEM

E PERFECT FOR YOUNG PEOPLE

F TINY HOUSES



42

How would you feel about living in a house that was only 2.6m long by 2.6m wide by 2.6m high? Well, in Europe some people are doing just that. Micro compact ('m-ch') homes are very small homes that are no bigger than the size of a small room!

43

So how do you fit not just a sleeping and living area, but also a study and bathing area into a space that is only 2.6m³? Well, in m-ch homes, each area has more than one uses, because you can change the place of the seats, beds and kitchen appliances. So, the dining area (which is also the study area) becomes a sleeping space by sliding the dining table into a wall. And the entrance way doubles as a bathroom - the front door becomes the shower door!

44

The company that makes these tiny homes says that they designed them to solve the difficulty many Europeans have in getting their own home. Too many people cannot afford accommodation in Europe and these low-cost homes are perfect for someone who wants a place where they can live for a short time.

45

The first people to try living in m-ch homes were university students. Students love them because although small, they are very modern with flatscreen TVs and comfortable furniture.

46

So what's 'micro living' like? Well, you have to be a very neat, tidy and organised person, because in order to do one thing, you have to first finish another and put everything away. Also, the lack of space means you can't have many personal items. But if you want a cheap, cosy, modern space that you can call your own, a micro home may be for you!

(Marks: $\frac{\quad}{5 \times 2}$)
10

15

Итоговая контрольная работа 9 класс

III variant

Vocabulary

A Complete the sentences using the appropriate verb from the list below.

• do • makes • hang out • keep • dusting • take • mopped

- 1/ I don't know how Samantha manages to.....the ironing so fast; it takes me an hour just to iron two shirts!
- 2/ Pamela always her bed as she gets up in the morning.
- 3/ Messy people find it difficult to..... their rooms tidy
- 4/ You can't the washing now. It's raining and all the clothes will get wet.
- 5/ The only thing left to do is the furniture, and then the house will be ready for tonight's party.
- 6/ Timmy likes helping around the house, but he hates having to..... the rubbish out every night.
- 7/ Take off your shoes before going into the kitchen; Mum has just the floor.

B Choose the correct item.

- 8/ David was tired of the noise and pollution of the big city, so he decided to move to a small, **isolated/industrial** town in the countryside.
- 9/ Of all the **housework/household** chores, doing the dishes is the one Jenny hates most.
- 10/ Mrs Finch is very **arrogant/nosy**; she always peeps at us from behind the curtains to see what we're doing in the garden.
- 11/ Dan's muscles **relaxed/went soft** after his accident, as he was unable to exercise for months.
- 12/ Astronauts who work on the International Space Station use a(n) **airless/vacuum** hose to wash with.
- 13/ Peter and Frank play football at their local **football hall/pitch** every day.
- 14/ Jenny would like a house with a **crowded/spacious** study where she can put her big desk and her two big bookcases.
- 15/ Ian isn't a very **sociable/silly** person, as he's not very comfortable with meeting new people.
- 16/ Deforestation and the effects of tourism on natural habitats are two of the reasons why many plant and animal species are in danger of becoming **extinct/ destroyed**.
- 17/ The astronauts who work on the International Space Station **make/do** a lot of experiments
- 18/ Objects in space float because of the **lack/zero** of gravity.

Grammar

C Complete the sentences using the correct form of the verbs in brackets

- 19/ George has offered (take) the dog for a walk while I'm busy with the chores.
- 20/ They are tired of (live) in the dirty, noisy city, so they've decided to move to the countryside.
- 21/ Sam avoids (shop) at the corner shop because it's a bit expensive.
- 22/ I don't remember (turn) off the lights upstairs. Can you please check?
- 23/ Mark's parents never let him (stay) out late on weeknights.
- 24/ Why don't we leave a bit later tomorrow? I can't stand (wake) up early!
- 25/ Do you mind (get) off the phone? I need to make a call.
- 26/ You must (tidy) up your own room. I'm not your slave, you know!
- 27/ Danny wants (become) an astronaut when he grows up.
- 28/ Sarah made her sister ... (promise) never to take her things again.
- 29/ John has been working all morning, but he's stopped(have) some lunch.

D Use *too* or *enough* and the words in brackets to complete the sentences.

e.g. Bryan is *too selfish* (**selfish**) to care about anyone else's problems but his own.

- 30/ Tom is (**forgetful**) to remember that he has an appointment with the dentist; you'd better remind him.
- 31/ Our living room isn't ... (**big**) for this sofa; we need to get a smaller one.
- 32/ Christine is(**busy**) to babysit for Timmy tonight; she has a lot of homework for tomorrow.
- 34/ James doesn't like the cottage his parents want to rent for the summer because he doesn't find it (**modern**).
- 35/ One thing that I don't like about this area is that it's (**noisy**).
- 36/ The park is (close) to walk to from here.

33/ Did you get (sleep) last night?
 You seem tired

Everyday English

E Complete the exchanges using the phrases low. There is one extra phrase.

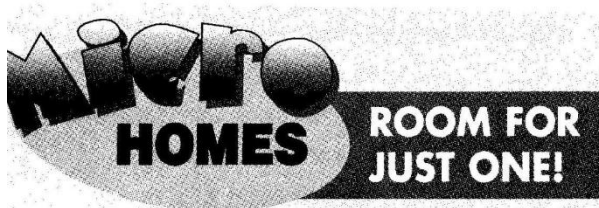
- I hope not. • What have I done now? • Sorry !! didn't realise it annoyed you.
 - That's not very nice. • Don't worry about it. • You drive me crazy.
- 37 A: Peter never tidies his room. He always expects me to do it.
 B:.....
- 38 A: Joe, come here right now!
 B:
- 39 A: Mark! Stop playing the music so loudly!
 B:
- 40 A: I promise that I will never leave the kitchen in such a mess again.
 B:
- 41 A: I'm so sorry I broke your CD player.
 B:

Reading

(Marks: $\frac{\quad}{10}$)
 5x2

F Read the text and match the headings (A-F) to the paragraphs (42-46). There is one heading you do not need to use.

- A A CREATIVE USE OF SPACE
- B NOT FOR MESSY PEOPLE
- C TOO MANY CHORES
- D THE ANSWER TO A PROBLEM
- E PERFECT FOR YOUNG PEOPLE
- F TINY HOUSES



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(Marks: $\frac{\quad}{10}$)
 5x2

Итоговая контрольная работа 9 класс

IV Variant

Vocabulary

A Choose the correct word to fill in the gaps.

1/ **spotted** **glanced**

a) When Richard and Ian heard the angry shouts theyaround the room to see where they were coming from.

b) Has the research teamanything unusual in the area?

2/ **survived** **existed**

a) Although many people say they have seen Bigfoot, there are no fossil remains that prove the creature ever

b) Can you imagine what would happen if a dinosaur somehowand was still alive today?

3/ **glaring** **staring**

a) Why are youat Stewart so angrily? Has he done something wrong?

b) Rosie couldn't stop at the beautiful rainbow, as it was the first time she had ever seen one.

4/ **horrifying** **violent**

a) Last night I dreamt that a whirlpool was pulling me to the bottom of the ocean.

b) Andrew's nightmare was absolutely.....; he dreamt that a three-headed monster was approaching him, but he couldn't move.

5/ **sightings** **sights**

a) Old castles are very popular in Britain.

b) Two fishermen reported of a strange ten-legged creature in the lake yesterday.

6/ **extinct** **mythical**

a) People thought the Coelacanth was a(n)species of fish, until a fisherman caught one in 1938.

b) Annie loves story books about dragons, giants and othercreatures.

7/ **refection** **shadow**

a) The moon was so bright that James could see his in the lake.

b) When David saw the of a strange animal in the bushes, he started shaking like a leaf.

8/ **imagination** **illusion**

a) Did the magician really make the man disappear or was it just an optical?

b) Jonathan's vividis what makes him able to write spine-chilling ghost stories.

B Fill in the missing word. There are three words you do not need to use.

• similar • giant • lurks • glimpse • dull • appears • alike • mind • corridor • human • fantasy • brain • impact

9/ These two paintings look so much..... that you have to look really closely to see the few differences they have.

10/ This couldn't be a(n)print; it's far too wide and haft a metre tong!

11/ Eric has a brilliant; he's sure to become a famous scientist one day.

12/ I don't like this painting. I think the..... brown and grey colours the artist has used give it a sad feeling

13/ According to Norwegian legend, the Kraken was a(n)monster that lived in the sea.

14/ The old castle had a dark, mysterious..... leading to the dungeons below.

15/ Garry really lives in a(n) world! He believes that he will be the one who will take pictures of Bigfoot first!

16/ When Natasha is stressed out, she always dreams that a snake-headed monster..... suddenly and starts chasing her.

17/ The strange creature disappeared before we managed to catch aof it.

18/ Cubism and Surrealism are two styles of painting that have had a great on modern art.

Grammar

C Put the verbs into the correct past tense.

- 19/ Benjamin (**gasp**) in horror when he saw the ghostly figure.
 20 / Claire.....(**drive**) along a country road when a huge creature came out of nowhere and fell onto her car.
 21/ While Lisa (**read**) a book, her brother was listening to music.
 22/ It was the first time that Elizabeth (**ever/see**) pictures of Bigfoot.

- 23/ Sandra(**paint**) for three years before she sold her first painting.
 24 / Alex didn't go to the photographic exhibition because he(**not/finish**) his homework.
 25 / The research team(**find**) an unusual fossil and took it back to the lab to examine it.

D Rewrite the sentences using the words in brackets.

e.g. James believed in ghosts when he was a child. (**used to**) *James used to believe in ghosts when he was a child.*

- 26/ When I was still at school, I read a new ghost story every week. (**would**)
 27/ In the past, my sister made fun of Surrealist paintings, but now she loves them. (**used to**)
 28/ Eleanor's parents never bought her books about monsters when she was a child. (**used to**)
 29/ Sally visited her grandparents quite often when she still lived in London. (**would**)
E Underline the correct item.

- 30/ Our house **can't/may** be haunted; we've lived here for years and we've never seen or heard anything unusual going on.
 31/ The style of that painting **must/may** be Cubism, because the artist has used square and rectangular shapes.
 32 / It **can't/may** be a coincidence, but isn't it strange that I was thinking about John at the exact moment he called me?
 33/ Susan **may/must** be at the photographic exhibition, but I'm not sure.
 34/ The magician's assistant hasn't truly disappeared; our eyes **may/must** be playing tricks on us!
 35 / You **may not/can't** have seen a ghost. They're not real!

Everyday English

F Choose the correct response.

- 36 / A: Last night I dreamt that a huge spider was chasing me.
 B: **a** That's a thought!
 b What do you think this means?
 37/ A: I woke up at 2:00 am and couldn't get back to sleep.
 B: **a** Poor you!
 b That's a relief!
 38/ A: Your dream might mean that you'll meet someone new.
 B: **a** That's horrible!
 b You can't be serious!

- 39/ A: Do you have any idea what dreaming about wild animals means?
 B: **a** I can't say for sure.
 b That can't be right.
 40/ A: Don't worry, your dream probably means that you're stressed.
 B: **a** Is everything alright?
 b Do you really think so?

Reading

G Read the text and match the phrases (A-F) to the gaps (41-45). There is one extra phrase.

Nature's joke? - the strange and wonderful PLATYPUS

The platypus is a strange little creature found only in Australia. When the first platypus was sent to Europe in the 19th century, the scientists who examined it just could not believe their eyes. They believed the platypus was a joke, **41**) They thought some fun-loving Australian had put the feet and nose of a duck onto the body of a rat, **42**).....

But platypuses are real, **43**) Platypuses have a nose like a duck, webbed feet like a duck, soft brown fur on their body and a long, flat tail like a beaver. As if that weren't strange enough, even though they are mammals (which means they feed their babies milk), platypuses don't give birth to live babies **44**)! No wonder scientists couldn't decide for a very long time if platypuses were birds, reptiles or mammals.

But the platypus has even more wonderful characteristics. Platypuses find their food in rivers by using electric fields. And, if they are in danger, male platypuses have sharp hooks on their feet **45)** It's no surprise then, that this special, shy little animal is one of Australia's most famous creatures. A picture of the platypus appears on the Australian 20 cent coin. Australians are very proud of their unique platypus.

- A but instead lay eggs just like birds
- B because of its extremely strange appearance
- C that produce poison strong enough to kill a dog
- D just to play a trick on them
- E and there is no other creature like them on Earth
- F which makes them part-reptile, part-mammal, part-bird

I Variant

A Match the words in Column A with the words/ phrases in Column B.

Column A

1. sleeping
2. football
3. household
4. work
5. bump

Column B

- A into
- B out
- C bag
- D pitch
- E chores

B Choose the correct item.

Jenny would like a house with a **crowded/ spacious** study where she can put her big desk and her two big bookcases.

David was tired of the noise and pollution of the big city, so he decided to move to a small, **isolated/ industrial** town in the countryside.

Mrs Finch is very **caring/ nosy**; she always peeps at us from behind the curtains to see what we're doing in the garden.

Astronauts who work on the International Space Station use a(n) **airless/ vacuum** hose to wash with.

Objects in space float because of the **lack/zero** of gravity.

My next-door neighbour, Mrs. Scrooge, is very **silly/sociable**. She doesn't understand simple things in her sixties.

C Complete the sentences using the correct form of the verbs

● do ● make ● dust ● take ● mop

The only one thing left to do is the furniture, and then the house will be ready for tonight's party.

You can't the washing now. It's raining and all the clothes will get wet.

Timmy likes helping around the house, but he hates having to the rubbish out every night.

Take off your shoes before going into the kitchen; Mum has just the floor.

She had no time for breakfast in the morning.

II Variant

A Complete the sentences using the correct form of the verbs in brackets.

Do you mind(get) off the phone? I need to make a call.

Sam avoids(shop) at the corner shop because it's a bit expensive.

George has offered(take) the dog for a walk while I'm busy with the chores.

They are tired of(live) in the dirty, noisy city, so they've decided to move to the countryside.

Danny wants(become) an astronaut when he grows up.

I don't remember(turn) off the lights upstairs. Can you please check?

Mark's parents never let him (stay) out late on weeknights.

John has been working all morning, but he's stopped(have) some lunch.

B Use *too* or *enough* to complete the sentences.

The park is(close) to walk to from here.

Tom is(forgetful) to remember that he has an appointment(встреча) with the dentist; you'd better remind him.

One thing that I don't like about this area is that it's(noisy).

James doesn't like the cottage his parents want to rent for the summer because he doesn't find it(modern).

C Write true sentences about place you live in.

I live in ... There are ... and ... There aren't any ... There is a ... where I ... My neighbourhood is ... There's a ... in front of my house. There's a ... to the left/ right. My next-door neighbour, ... , is very ... I really like the place I live in.

III Variant

A Match the words in Column A with the words/ phrases in Column B.

Column A

1. zero
2. vacuum
3. press
4. float
5. space

Column B

- A** station
- B** against
- C** away
- D** hose
- E** gravity

B Choose the correct item.

Peter and Frank play football at their local football **hall/ pitch**.

Of all the **housework/ household** chores, doing dishes is the one Jenny hates most.

Ian isn't a very **sociable/ silly** person, as he's not very comfortable with meeting new people.

Deforestation(вырубка леса) and the effects of tourism on natural habitats are two of the reasons why many plant and animal species are in danger of becoming **extinct/ destroyed**.

Dan's muscles **relaxed/ went** soft after his accident, as he was unable to exercise for months.

The astronauts who work on the International Space Station **make/ do** a lot of experiments.

C Complete the sentences using the correct form of the verbs

● **keep** ● **do(2)** ● **make** ● **dust**

I don't know how Samantha manages to the ironing so fast.

Messy people find it difficult to their room tidy.

Pamela always her bed as soon as she gets up in the morning.

Christina is a helpful girl. She often gives her family a hand with their modern furniture.

Sorry, mum, I'm busy! Next time I'll the washing-up.

IV Variant

A Complete the sentences using the correct form of the verbs in brackets.

Why don't we leave a bit later tomorrow? I can't stand(wake) up early!

Sarah made her sister (promise) never to take her things again.

You must (tidy) up your own room. I'm not your slave, you know!

What would you like (do) tonight? Fancy coming with us to the cinema?

The teacher didn't let me (enter) the classroom because I was late.

After (do) the homework, I always relax on the sofa.

My sister really looks forward to (visit) Disneyland at Christmas.

We'd better (take) the dog for a walk now before it gets too late.

B Use *too* or *enough* to complete the sentences.

Bryan is (selfish) to care about anyone's problems but his own.

Did you get (sleep) last night? You seem tired.

Christine is (busy) to babysit for Timmy tonight; she has a lot of homework for tomorrow.

Our living room isn't(big) for this sofa; we need to get a smaller one.

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I live in ... There are ... and ... There aren't any ... There is a ... where I ... My neighbourhood is ... There's a ... in front of my house. There's a ... to the left/ right. My next- door neighbour, ... , is very ... I really like the place I live in.